



SỞ GIÁO DỤC VÀ ĐÀO TẠO
GIÁO DỤC BÌNH PHƯỚC
ĐÀO TẠO
ĐỀ THI MINH HỌA

KỶ THI TUYỂN SINH 10 NĂM 2025
MÔN THI: TIẾNG ANH (Chuyên)
NGÀY THI: .../.../2025

(Đề thi gồm 09 trang)

Thời gian làm bài: 150 phút (không kể thời gian phát đề)

Chú ý: *Thí sinh làm bài vào phiếu trả lời (có phát kèm theo)*

HƯỚNG DẪN PHẦN THI NGHE HIỂU

- Trước khi bắt đầu phần nghe hiểu thí sinh có 20 giây để đọc đề.
 - Bài nghe gồm 3 phần, mỗi phần nghe 2 lần.
- (Bài nghe đã được biên tập hoàn chỉnh, thí sinh sẽ nghe 1 lượt từ đầu đến hết)

SECTION A. LISTENING (1.5 points - 0.1/each)

Part 1. Question 1-5. Listen to a lecturer talking about Career choices, and choose the correct answer from A, B or C for each question.

Question 1. What is one important thing to think about when choosing a career?

- A. Your hobbies and interests
- B. How far the job is from home
- C. How many friends work in that job

Question 2. What happens if you choose a job you enjoy?

- A. Work less
- B. Be more motivated and happy
- C. Get promoted quickly

Question 3. What should you do after thinking about what you like?

- A. Check if you have the right skills
- B. Find out the salary
- C. Look at the uniform you will wear

Question 4. Which jobs are expected to have more opportunities in the future?

- A. Healthcare and technology
- B. Music and movies
- C. Sports and tourism

Question 5. Why should you think about your values when choosing a career?

- A. Earning more money
- B. Helping your work-life balance
- C. Ensuring your job seeking

Part 2. Question 6-10. Listen to a man inquiring about joining wildlife conservation society. Fill in each blank space with NO MORE THAN TWO WORDS OR A NUMBER.

Wildlife Conservation Society
Application for membership

Length of membership:	2 years
Type of membership:	Question 6
Fee:	Question 7 £
Payment details:	direct debit
Name of bank:	The Union Bank
Account name:	Michael Jones

Account number:	01059612
Date of first payment:	Question 8
Reference number:	Question 9
Other requests:	- extra information pack - Question 10

Part 3. Questions 11-15. Listen to a recording about World Englishes. and decide whether the following statements are True or False.

Statements	TRUE	FALSE
Question 11. English has remained the same everywhere it is spoken.		
Question 12. In American English, the word "apartment" is used instead of "flat."		
Question 13. World Englishes show that there is only one correct way to speak English.		
Question 14. Indian English sometimes includes words from local languages.		
Question 15. Learning about World Englishes helps us understand how languages change over time.		

SECTION B. LANGUAGE (3.5 pts - 0.1/each)

I. MULTIPLE CHOICE

Part 1. PHONETICS

Choose a word (A, B, C, D) that has the underlined part pronounced differently from the others.

Question 16. A. sacreded B. blesseded C. beloveded D. prepareded

Question 17. A. exhausted B. example C. exhale D. exhibit

Choose the word (A, B, C, D) whose main stress pattern is not the same as that of the others

Question 18. A. tsunami B. audience C. compliment D. dedicate

Question 19. A. numerical B. philosophy C. continental D. certificate

Part 2. LEXICO-GRAMMAR

Choose the word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that best completes each of the following sentences.

Question 20. Nowadays children would prefer history _____ in more practical ways.

- A. to teach B. to be taught C. be taught D. having taught

Question 21. _____ for Tom's opposition, we would have agreed to the contract.

- A. Be it not B. Would it not have been
C. Should it not have been D. Had it not been

Question 22. She could _____ in the garden when we came around, which would explain why she didn't hear the bell.

- A. work B. be working C. have worked D. have been working

Question 23. He was _____ we had expected.

- A. efficiently working like B. not nearly as efficient at working as a writer as
C. not more efficient in writing than D. by far much more efficient at written work than

Question 24. The scientists are encountering the difficulties of _____ of radioactive waste.

- A. disposing B. releasing C. eliminating D. depleting

Question 25. I have very _____ feelings about the plan – it might possibly work or it could be a disaster.

- A. certain B. mixed C. doubtful D. troubled

Question 26. Ann's encouraging words gave me _____ to undertake the demanding task once gain.

- A. a point B. an incentive C. a resolution D. a target

Question 27. My decision to leave university after a year is the one I now _____ regret.

- A. harshly B. keenly C. painfully D. heavily

Question 28. My father _____ when he found out that I'd damaged the car.

- A. hit the roof B. saw pink elephants
C. made my blood boil D. brought the house down

Question 29. Roger Federer couldn't _____ the possibility of withdrawing from the championship because of injury.

- A. rule out B. pass over C. come off D. do without

Question 30. "If no one can soon _____ a good solution, we're going to be in trouble." the board chair warned.

- A. catch up with B. put up with C. come up with D. check up on

Question 31. I read the contract again and again _____ avoiding making spelling mistakes.

- A. in terms of B. by means of C. with a view to D. in view of

Question 32. She was so engrossed _____ the book that she forgot the cookies in the oven.

- A. at B. on C. with D. in

Choose the word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that is CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined part in each of the following sentences.

Question 33. She is always diplomatic when she deals with angry students.

- A. strict B. outspoken C. tactful D. firm

Question 34. Peter's mother was really hot under the collar because of his rudeness to her guests.

- A. unhappy B. worried C. curious D. embarrassed

Choose the word or phrase that is OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined part in each of the following questions.

Question 35. Domestic chores will no longer be a burden thanks to the inventions of labor-saving devices.

- A. pressure B. comfort C. convenience D. tackle

Question 36. These sets of computers are really behind the time and therefore, can't meet the demands of the whole school.

- A. brand-new B. cutting-edge C. out-of-date D. old-fashioned

Part 3. LANGUAGE FUNCTION

Choose the option that best completes each of the following exchanges.

Question 37. " _____ " – "Thank you. We are proud of him."

- A. Your child is just adorable! B. Can we ask your child to take a photo?
C. Your kid is naughty. D. I can give your kid a lift to school.

Question 38. Jane: "It's going to rain". - Mary: " _____ "

- A. I hope not so. B. I don't hope either. C. I don't hope so. D. I hope not.

Question 39. *Tom is apologizing to Mary for not being able to go with her to English club.*

- Tom: "I'm awfully sorry I can't go with you."

- Mary: " _____ ? Haven't you agreed?"

- A. Why do you think B. How come C. What is it D. Why don't you

Question 40. *John invited Peter to visit his gardens.*

Peter: "I love your garden! The plants are well taken care of!"

John: "Thanks. Yes, I suppose I've always _____."

- A. seen the wood for the trees B. turned over a new leaf
C. had green fingers D. let nature take its course

II. WRITTEN TEST

Part 1. WORD FORM

Give the correct form of the words in brackets to complete the following sentences.

- Question 41. The _____ of brush around houses helped prevent the fire from spreading. (CLEAR)
 Question 42. Hospitals are being urged to cut costs by _____ their medical records. (COMPUTER)
 Question 43. That would be a more _____ way of dealing with the problem. (SENSE)
 Question 44. Families _____ prepared for the storm, boarding up windows and finding shelter. (HURRY)
 Question 45. Extensive mining will cause _____ damage to the area. (REPAIR)

PART 2: ERROR CORRECTION

There are 5 errors in the following passage. Identify the errors, write the line number and correct the ERRORS.

Line	Passage
1	A typhoon is a powerful and dangerous storm that forms over warm ocean waters, much
2	like a hurricane. These storms are characterized by heavy rain, strong winds, and large
3	waves. When a typhoon approaches land, it can cause severely damage to buildings, roads,
4	and homes. Flooding and landslides are common during typhoons, making them very
5	dangerous for people living in affected areas. Typhoon season usually occur from late
6	spring to early fall, and during this time, it is important for people to be prepared. They
7	should secure their property, have emergency supplies ready, and know the evacuation
8	routes. Meteorologists use satellites and radar to track typhoons and predict its path. This
9	information helps to warn people in advance so they can make necessary precautions.
10	Staying inform by listening to weather updates and following safety guidelines is crucial.
11	During a typhoon, it's best to stay indoors, avoid driving, and keep away from windows
12	to stay safe. By being prepared and aware, people can protect themselves and their
13	families from the dangers of a typhoon.

Line	Error	Correction
46.		
47.		
48.		
49.		
50.		

SECTION III: READING (3 pts - 0.1/ each)

Part 1. Guided cloze test

Choose the word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that best fits each blank in the following passage.

So much sentimentality is attached to the rose in (51) _____ culture that it is difficult to separate the original mythological and folkloric beliefs from the emotional excess that (52) _____ the flower. Yet if we look

(53) _____ the beliefs, we find that the rose is much more than the mere (54) _____ of romantic love invoked by every minor poet and painter.

One of the rose's most common (55) _____ in folklore is with death. The Romans often decked the tombs of the dead with roses; in fact, Roman wills frequently (56) _____ that roses were to be planted on the grave. To this day, in Switzerland, cemeteries are known as rose gardens. The Saxons (57) _____ the rose with life, and they believed that (58) _____ a child died, the figure of death could be seen plucking a rose outside the house.

- Question 51. A. famous B. popular C. diverse D. outdated
Question 52. A. gathers B. covers C. surrounds D. embraces
Question 53. A. at B. over C. for D. into
Question 54. A. trace B. sign C. tail D. symbol
Question 55. A. relations B. connections C. associations D. combinations
Question 56. A. specified B. showed C. required D. expressed
Question 57. A. equalized B. equated C. leveled D. considered
Question 58. A. when B. so C. before D. because

Part 2. Open cloze test

Read the passage and choose the best answer to fill in each blank space

The advent of the internet revolutionized the way we communicate, conduct business, and consume information. It has created a global marketplace (59) _____ individuals and businesses can interact with one (60) _____ across vast distances. (61) _____, the internet also presents new challenges, such as cybercrime and the spread of misinformation.

One of the most significant impacts of the internet has been (62) _____ the way we communicate. Social media platforms such as Facebook, Twitter, and Instagram have (63) _____ it easier than ever to connect with friends, family, and colleagues. However, the rise of social media has also led to concerns about privacy and the spread of fake news.

The internet has (64) _____ transformed the way we conduct business. (65) _____ shopping has become increasingly popular, and many businesses now rely on the internet to reach their (66) _____.

Part 3. Reading comprehension

Read the passage and choose the best answer for each question below.

THE SEARCH FOR ATLANTIS

The location of the Lost City of Atlantis is a mystery which has puzzled humanity for thousands of years. Since Plato first told the story of this fabulous island city more than 2000 years ago, historians and archaeologists have continually debated whether or not the story was true and where the island may have been located. In recent years an international investigation team began searching waters off the south coast of Spain in an attempt to establish once and for all the true location of Atlantis.

The story of Atlantis begins in 360 BC, when Plato wrote two short works, *Critias* and *Timaeus* which mentioned a great civilisation based on an island in the Atlantic. In Plato's account, a large number of people lived on this huge island which he called Atlantis, and they developed an almost perfect society. They built a wonderful city surrounded by circular canals and protected at each entrance by huge gates and towers. After fighting wars against Europe and North Africa, the Atlanteans were eventually defeated. Some time later, according to Plato, "there occurred violent earthquakes and floods; and in a single day and night the island of Atlantis disappeared in the depths of the sea."

This may seem an unlikely tale, but many people believe even today, that while Plato undoubtedly invented some of the story, parts of it are based on historical fact. And like all the best stories, it has been retold many times in different forms. A number of other ancient historians described similar island civilisations and the tale of Atlantis was passed down through generations, although it then appears to have been largely forgotten for many years. However, in the late nineteenth century there was a huge resurgence of interest in Atlantis, particularly after the American writer Ignatius Donnelly wrote a book suggesting that all the major ancient civilisations were influenced by the Atlantean Empire.

This controversial work inspired many different theories in the years that followed, including one that suggested that Atlantis was an island located in the Caribbean whose inhabitants used **fantastical** ships and even aircraft. Edgar Cayce, who developed this theory, also suggested that parts of Atlantis would rise from the sea in 1968 or 1969. As if to confirm his theory, a major underwater geological formation was in fact discovered in the Caribbean in 1968. Some people believe this to be the true location of Atlantis and it is still being explored today.

In trying to locate Atlantis, historians have often given close consideration to one particular issue. Plato described the destruction of the island as taking place 9,000 years before his time, in other words roughly 11,000 years ago. However, modern archaeologists and historians do not believe that highly developed civilisations existed so long ago.

Some people believe that Plato may have mistaken his dates and was actually describing events that happened 900, not 9,000, years before his time. This would mean that Atlantis disappeared around the same time that the Greek island of Thera, now known as Santorini, was partially destroyed by a volcanic eruption. So perhaps Atlantis is Santorini? There is some evidence of a well-developed ancient society on this island, but as yet no proof that it is the same place that Plato referred to as Atlantis.

If we assume that Plato didn't get his dates wrong, and that other details of his story are factually accurate, then Atlantis must be located somewhere in the Atlantic. But the Atlantic is, of course, a vast ocean, and where do we begin to look? Plato also referred to the Pillars of Hercules in his story and said that Atlantis was "in front of the straits". Many historians now believe that these Pillars are in fact the Straits of Gibraltar, in the western Mediterranean.

A number of islands, such as the Azores and the Canaries have been suggested as possible locations. The most recent expeditions have focused on a mud bank submerged beneath the sea, known as Spargel Island. But still no absolute proof has been found. Despite all of our modern technology and scientific knowledge, Atlantis stubbornly continues to remain one of the great unsolved mysteries of human civilisation.

Question 67. The story of the Lost City of Atlantis _____

- A. was first told by an archaeologist.
- B. is set on an island near Spain.
- C. has led to some disagreement.
- D. was in Plato's first book.

Question 68. According to Plato, the Atlanteans _____

- A. lived in large buildings.
- B. built city defences.
- C. kept detailed records.
- D. lost many battles.

Question 69. According to the text, why are there many different versions of the story of Atlantis?

- A. because it's such a good story
- B. because historians can't agree
- C. because it was forgotten for so long
- D. because Plato made up the story

Question 70. What does the word "**fantastical**" in the passage mostly mean?

- A. realistic
- B. ordinary
- C. extraordinary
- D. practical

Question 71. Why do some people say that Plato's dates were wrong?

- A. because he was not an archaeologist
- B. because he failed to consider one important issue

- C. because he used a different numbering system from ours
- D. because complex societies are thought to have developed later

Question 72. What happened in Santorini?

- A. An ancient civilisation lived there.
- B. Part of the island collapsed into the sea.
- C. The people of Thera destroyed it.
- D. Plato lived there when he wrote about Atlantis.

Question 73. What is the belief of some modern historians?

- A. The Pillars of Hercules are in the middle of the Atlantic.
- B. Atlantis cannot be found in such a large ocean.
- C. Plato's story is completely inaccurate.
- D. Atlantis may be located near the Straits of Gibraltar.

Question 74. Where was the latest search for Atlantis carried out?

- A. on an underwater island
- B. in the Azores
- C. in the Canaries
- D. at a number of different locations

Part 4. Gap text

You are going to read an article about hygiene and health. Seven sentences have been removed from the article. Choose from the sentences A-H the one which fits each gap (75-80). There is one extra sentence which you do not need to use.

TOO CLEAN FOR OUR OWN GOOD?

It's a common and natural assumption that germs and bacteria are bad for us. Cleanliness and good hygiene practices are generally thought to be essential to good Health. However, research is beginning to show that we may actually be too clean for our own good.

75. _____ We wrap food in Cellophane, treat kitchen equipment with antibacterial products, spray bathrooms with disinfectants and spend only 5% of our time in the dangerous, germ-filled environment outside of the house.

There is good reason for these fastidious habits. 76. _____ Before we perfected these techniques, conditions such as cholera were killers in the West, and still are in countries without the resources to build protection.

But recent scientific research suggests that there may be a price to pay for safe Western lifestyles.

77. _____ root only that, but some of our hygiene habits may be creating problems for the future, causing bacteria to become resistant to our efforts to destroy them. Scientists believe that by limiting the number of germs that children come into contact with, we could also be limiting their ability to build up natural immunity.

The increase in the number of different allergies such as asthma over the past 100 years may be evidence of this. 78. _____ Furthermore, it was restricted to those people who were rich enough to be able to live hygienically. It now affects one in three people in the UK, while allergies remain rare in less developed countries.

The idea that children need to be exposed to germs early in their lives to develop resistance to bacteria has been supported by three separate studies in Europe. 79. _____ It would appear that frequent contact with animals leads to frequent contact with bacteria, and this builds up protection against allergy.

So have we gone too far with hygiene? Should we leave our kitchens dirty? 80. _____ Making a conscious effort to expose ourselves to more germs would be full of dangers, according to microbiologist Professor Tom

Humphrey. "It may be true that a little bit of dirt is good for you, but only as long as you can control the amount of type of dirt it is, and that's very difficult," he says.

- A. They have all shown that children brought up on farms containing animals have 60% fewer allergies than those raised in non-farming environments.
- B. Public health experts are in no doubt as to the answer.
- C. Man is the only creature on earth to wash its hands before meals.
- D. Unlike animals, man is able to develop ways to protect himself from the hostile elements of the natural world.
- E. Hay fever was rare when it was first described in 1819.
- F. They go on to recommend a number of products, which, with proper use, prevent the spread of bacterial infection.
- G. In our obsession with cleanliness we have become less capable of fighting germs.

SECTION IV. WRITING (2 pts)

Part 1. Sentence transformation (1 pt)

1. For questions 81–83, finish each of the following sentences in such a way that it has the same meaning as the first sentence. (0.6 pt – 0.2/each)

Question 81. You have disobeyed; you will therefore be punished.

→ As a result

Question 82. Something must be done quickly to solve the problem of homelessness.

→ Urgent action

Question 83. I am sure he didn't know that his mother was seriously ill.

→ He couldn't possibly

Part 2. For questions 84–85, complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first sentence, using the word given. Do not change the word given. (0.4 pt – 0.2/each)

Question 84. Clara said that she had not seen the missing letter. (HAVING)

→ Clara the missing letter.

Question 85. You must never let anyone use your identity card. (SHOULD)

→ Under no

Part 2. Paragraph writing (1 pt)

Write a paragraph (about 100-150 words) to state your own opinion.

It is obvious that our local environment is getting more and more polluted. As a student, what should you do to protect it? You should write a paragraph of about 140 words.

(Note: you are not allowed to include any personal information such as your name, your school's name, your address, etc. in your writing)

